

Heritage Problems, Causes and Solutions

Calogero Bellanca and Susana Mora Alonso-Muñoyerro



3

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Causes and Solutions

Esperienze di Studio e Restauro in Europa – 3

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In this volume have collaborated specially these architects:

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In copertina | *Cover image: Colosseum, detail. Photo by Susana Mora and Calogero Bellanca.*

*Dedicated to our parents
MARIA and ANTONINO
CONSUELO and JUSTO*

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CHAPTER 10. FLOORS: CONSTRUCTIVE SYSTEMS, PROBLEMS, CAUSES AND SOLUTIONS

Floors wear down to receive the loads of the building and transfer them to the vertical structural elements.

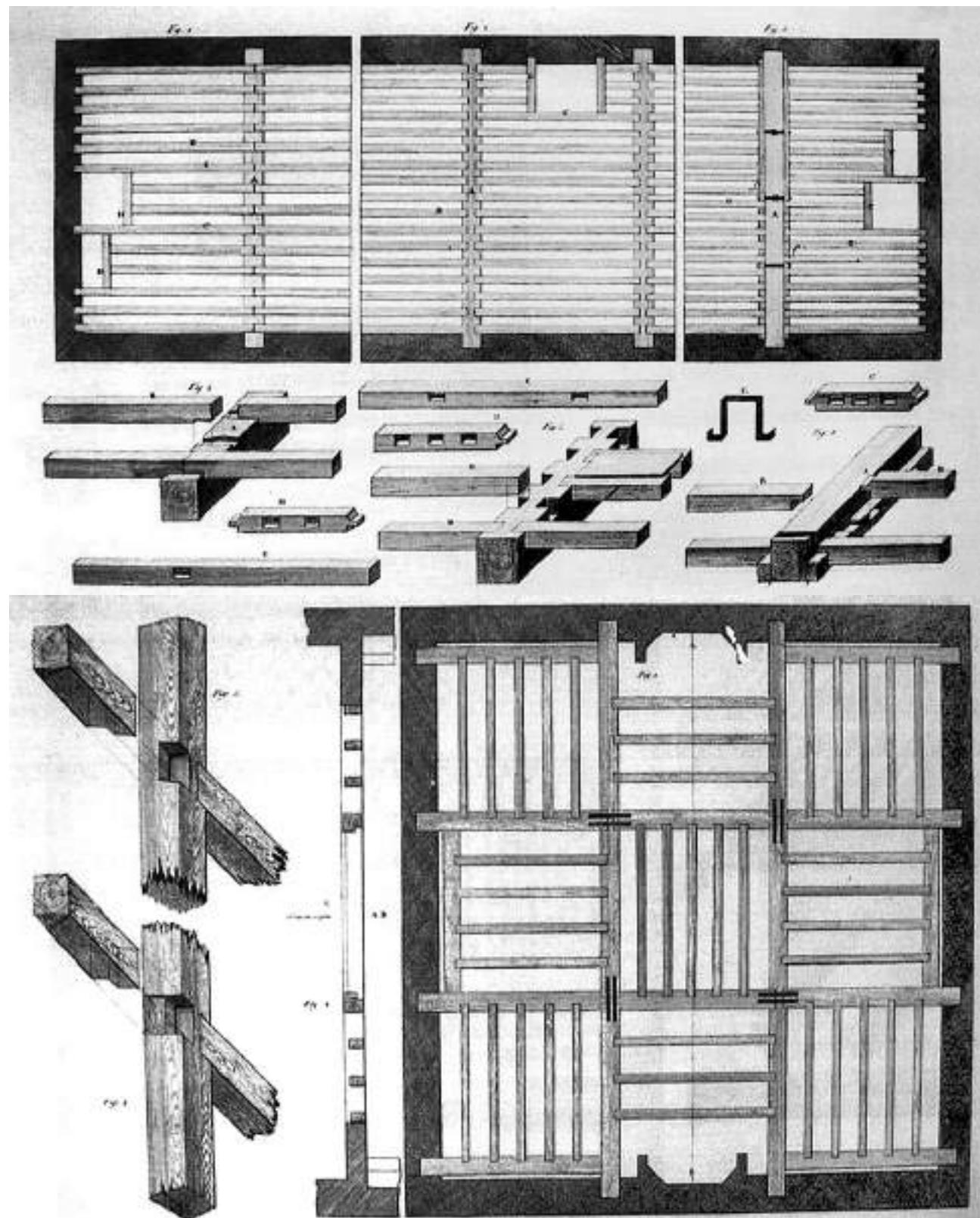


Fig. 1. Beam filling with layers of differentiated function. From G. Rondelet, *Trattato teorico e pratico dell'arte di edificare*, Mantova 1832, Vol. I, Tab. LXXXVIII.

HISTORIC EVOLUTION

Historic floors were made in wood but they changed:

BEAM FILLING

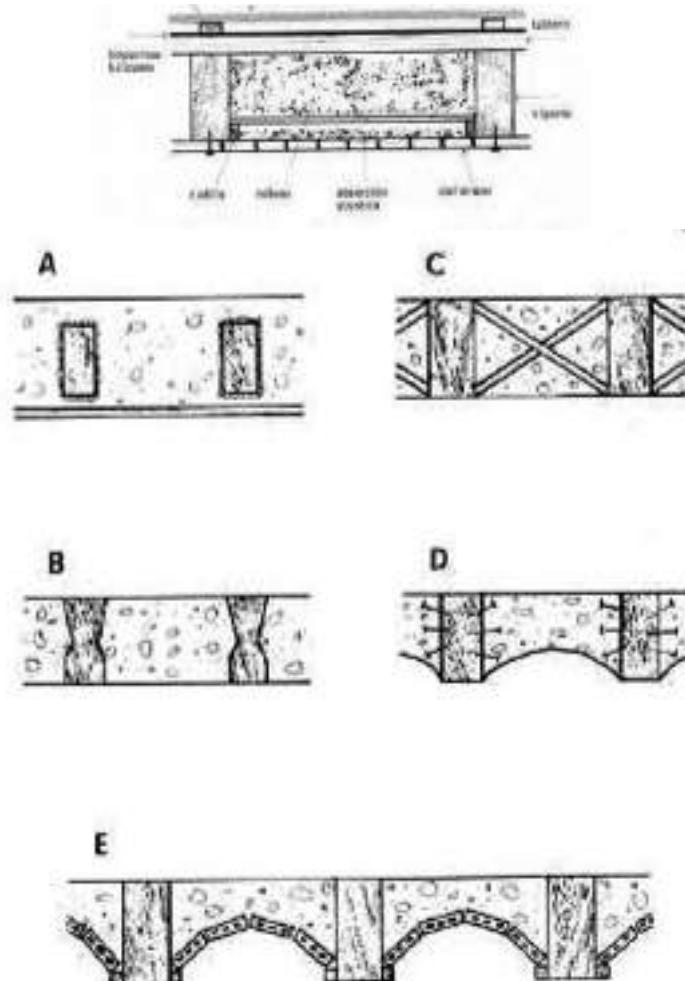


Fig. 2. Redesigned by
Susana Mora.

CEILING

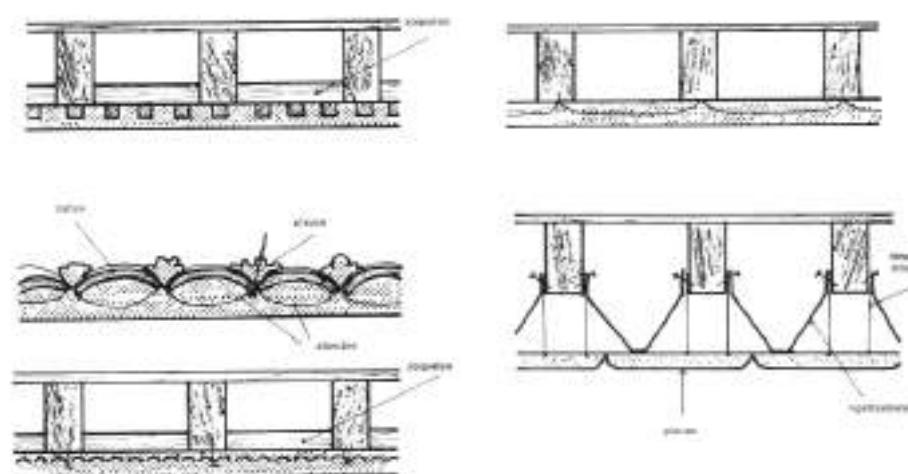


Fig. 3. Redesigned by
Susana Mora.

STEEL BEAMS

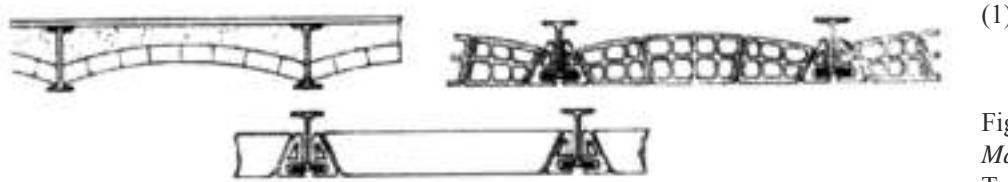
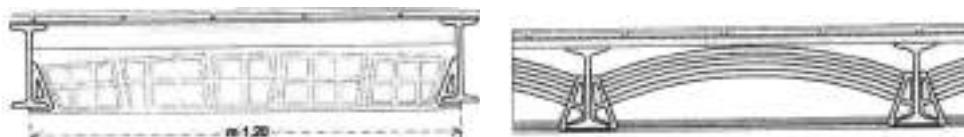


Fig. 4. From A. Ciappi,
Manuale dell'architetto,
Torino 1946.



Fig. 5. From A. Ciappi,
Manuale dell'architetto,
Torino 1946.



Flooring with ceramic vaults.

Flooring with arched planks.

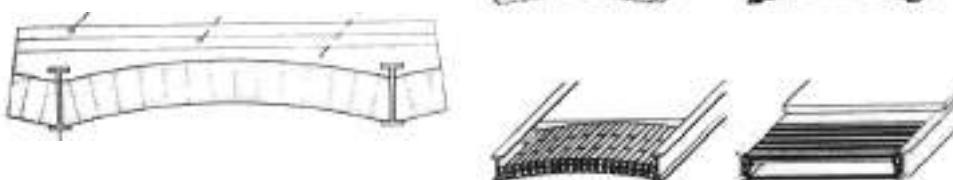


Fig. 6. From C. Blasi,
*Manuale del restauro
architettonico*, Mancosu,
Roma 2001, "Anatomia
degli organismi edilizi
moderni", Section B1.2.,
B36.

Example of steel flooring.

REINFORCED CONCRETE FLOORS

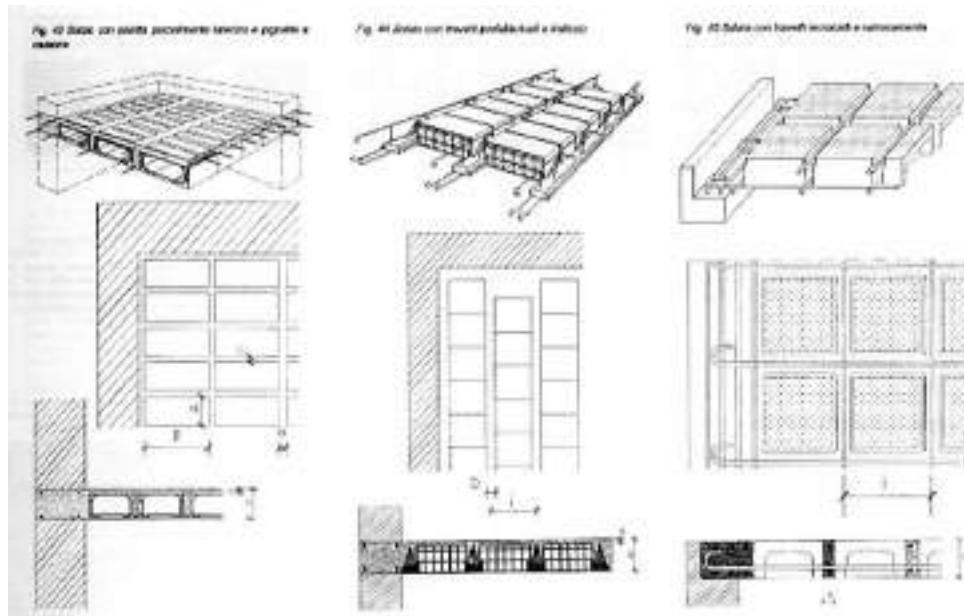
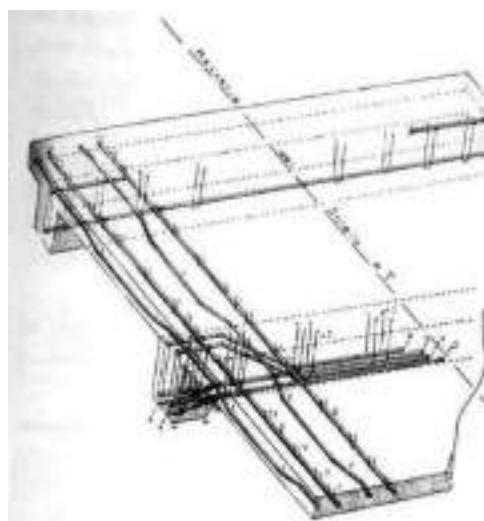


Fig. 7. Hennebique System.

From C. Blasi, *Manuale del restauro architettonico*, Mancosu, Roma 2001, "Anatomia degli organismi edili moderni", cemento armato, B1.1., B4.

T Floor System



Ceiling

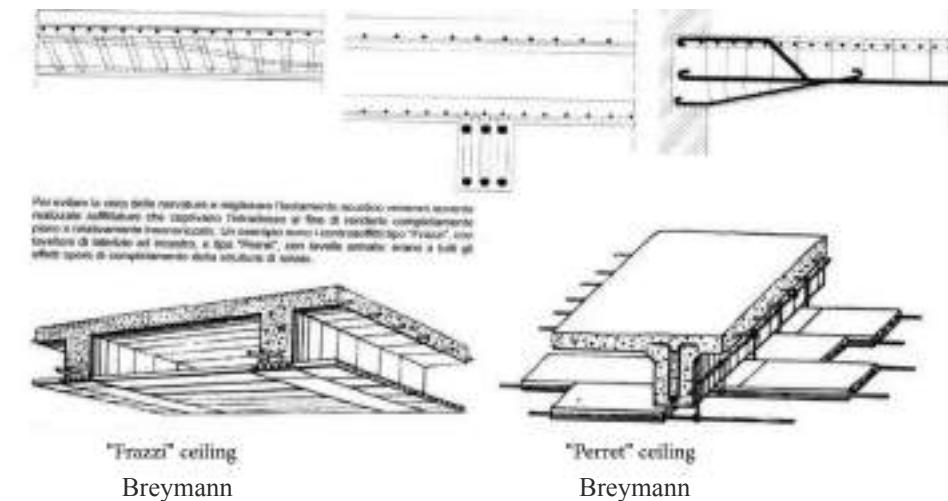
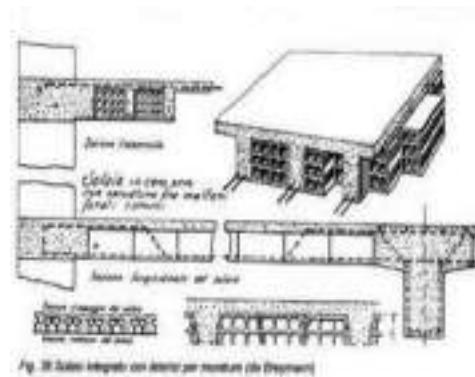


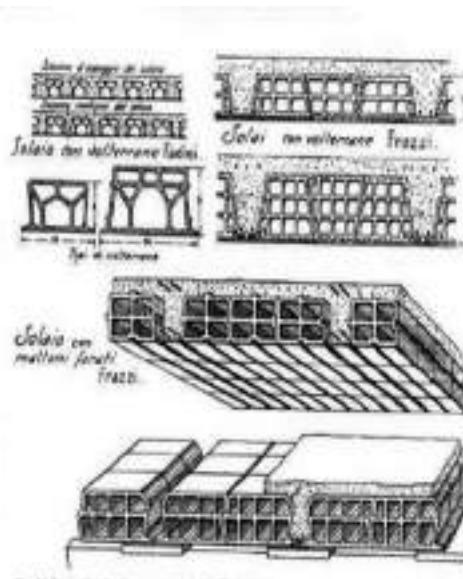
Fig. 8. Hennebique System.

From C. Blasi, *Manuale del restauro architettonico*, Mancosu, Roma 2001, "Anatomia degli organismi edili moderni", cemento armato, B10, B1.1.

Structural Hollow Clay Block



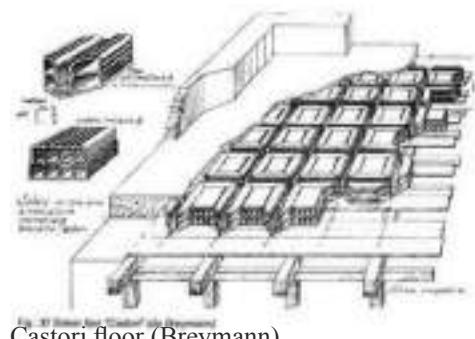
I soffitti a nervatura incassata si diffusero solo negli anni trenta. È il caso del soffitto a nervatura limitato da sole laterali semplici o composte, come il soffitto "Castori", il soffitto "Vita", il soffitto "Gopos". Questi vennero adottati su piani quadrati o paralleli al quadro ed avevano risparmio strutturale mentre tutti i muri perimetrali non potevano limiti, infatti alla posizione dei divisorii, per i quali erano necessarie armature di rinforzo nel caso di altri tipi di soffitti. Nei casi di perni d'appoggio rettangolari utilizzati le nervature potevano assumere andamento diagonale a 45°, come nel soffitto "Diagonal Cavalazzi", o obliqua, come nel soffitto "Semi-diagonali Cavalazzi".



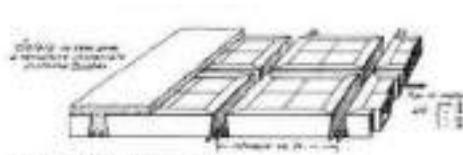
Frazzi floor

Frazzi floor

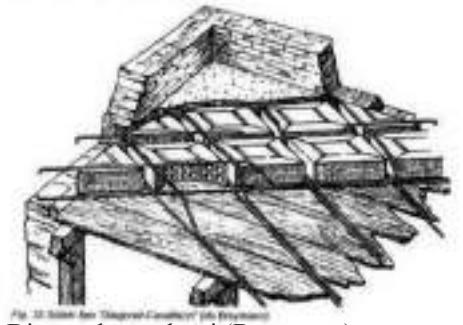
Different types of floors (Breymann)



Castori floor (Breymann)

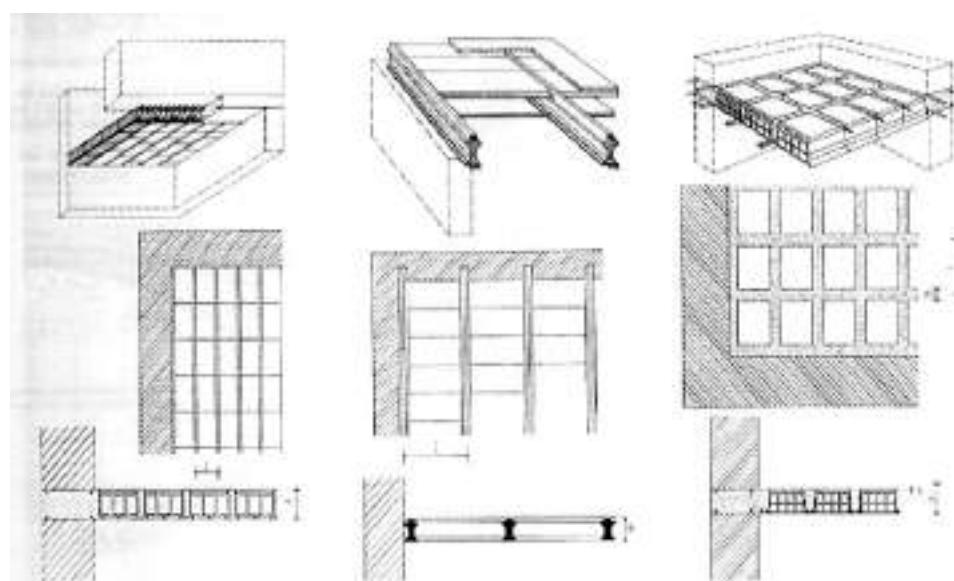


Villa floor (Breymann)



Diagonal, cavalazzi (Breymann)

Other Types of Floors



CAUSES

FOUNDATION AND GROUND DAMAGES

Internal Damages

Wall is uniformly pushed and displaced with vertical shear cracks.

SOLUTIONS

CONSOLIDATION OF FLOORS

- Shorten distance from a beam
- Shear connectors
- Overlay:
 - Reinforcement
 - Suspended structure
- Anchoring

SHORTEN DISTANCE FROM A BEAM



Fig. 12. Almudín, Valencia.
Photo by Susana Mora,
2010.

SHEAR CONNECTORS

The use of connectors can allow for a significant reduction of the beam whilst ensuring the same load-bearing capacity.

- Wooden Beams.



(2)

Fig. 13. Tecnaria, Bassano del Grappa, Italy.

- Steel Beams.

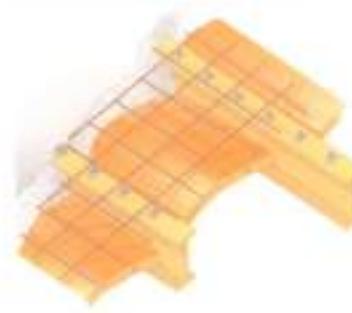


Fig. 14. Tecnaria, Bassano del Grappa, Italy.

Fig. 15. Tecnaria, Bassano del Grappa, Italy.

OVERLAY

- Reinforcement with concrete.

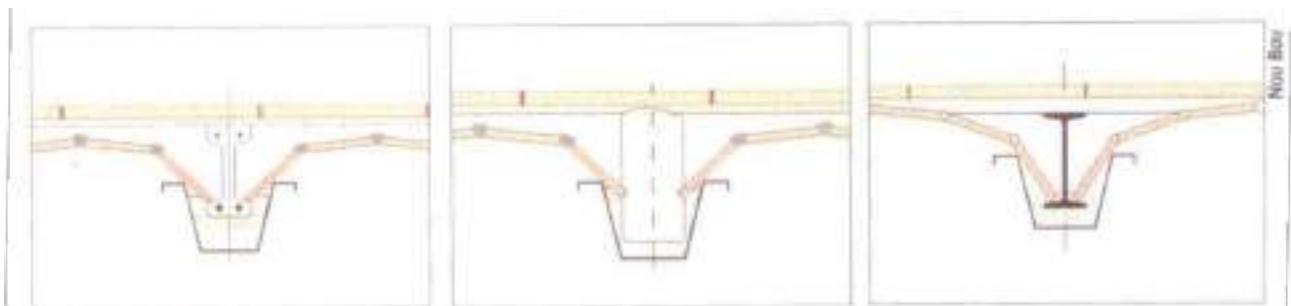


Fig. 16. Avis Technique CSTB.

- Reinforcement. Steel Auxiliary Structure. Axial effort increased.



Fig. 17. Palazzo Altemps, Roma. Photo by Calogero Bellanca, 2020.

- Reinforcement. Fibers:

Many new products composed of FRP (fiber reinforced polymers) are now used to consolidate traditional structures for the reinforcement of concrete and substitution of iron elements: glass, carbon, aramide, basalt, PBO, metallic and natural fibers.

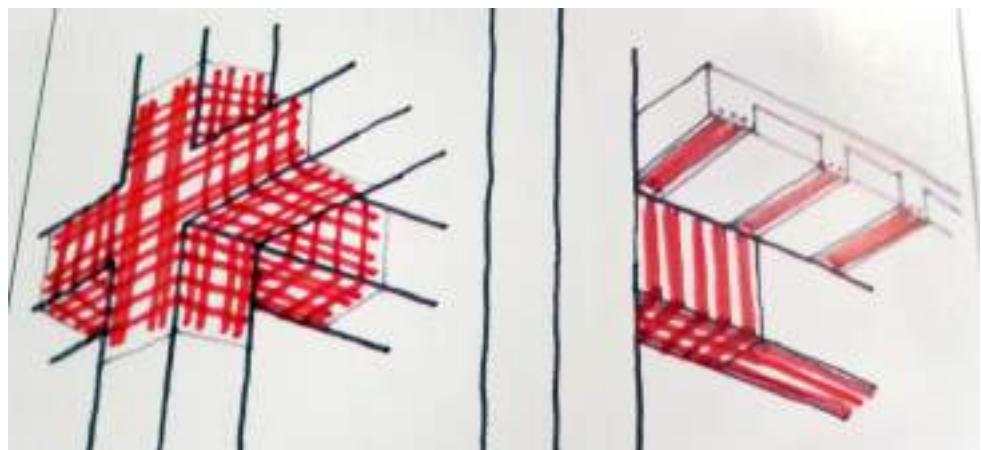


Fig. 18. From F. De Cesaris,
“Materiali e strutture”,
n. 12, 2017, p. 78.

ANCHORING

Anchoring of the floor to the masonry consolidation.



Fig. 19. Refectory and new roof of San Pedro de Arlanza, Hortigüela, Burgos. Salvador Pérez Arroyo and Susana Mora. Photo by Susana Mora, 2012.



Fig. 20. New beams anchors in the vaults of the Refectory, San Pedro de Arlanza, Salvador Pérez Arroyo and Susana Mora. Photo by Susana Mora, Burgos, 2012.

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